

**IRSN**

INSTITUT  
DE RADIOPROTECTION  
ET DE SÛRETÉ NUCLÉAIRE

*Faire avancer la sûreté nucléaire*

# SYLVIA : General Presentation

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# SYLVIA

## | SYstème de Logiciels pour l'étude de la V ventilation, de l'Incendie et de l'Aérocontamination

- Designed to study the behavior of a ventilation network in normal, degraded or accidental operation, including in case of fire:
  - Fire evolution
  - Transport of the hot gases, soot, aerosols
  - Filters clogging
  - Impact on sectoring elements (doors and fire dampers)

## | Use

- Exploitation of existing networks (prediction of consequences before intervention)
- Fire safety studies
- Validation stages of decommissioning of a facility
- Validation of design choices (pre-computation)
- Exploitation of existing networks (predicting consequences before operation)

# Modelling: ventilation

- Simplified modelling of the ventilation network based on a graph of connections nodes/branches:
  - Multi-local modelling (nodes): conservation of mass, species and energy.  
1 or 2 areas, ISIS coupling;
  - Modelling a complex ventilation system based on generalized Bernoulli equation (branches).
  - About 20 types of branches:
    - Static parts: pipe, filter, door, openings (horizontal or vertical), leak, crack ...
    - Elements with behaviour law: fans, controllers (PID or perfect, in Q or P), vane, inverter, imposed flow (M or V), dampers (fire, non-return, pressure, depression), register, valve ...
  - Functioning criteria of sectoring elements
    - breaking pressure

# Modelling: species

## ■ Multi-species

- Gas, combustibles, particles (aerosols), sprays
- $M$ ,  $H(T)$ ,  $\lambda(T)$ ,  $\mu(T)$ ,  $\varepsilon(T)$

## ■ Sateie law: ideal gas mixture

## ■ Particles/Sprays

- Spherical
- Size classes

## ■ Combustibles .../...

# Modelling: fire

## ■ Fire types

- Pool fires, electrical cabinets, gas burners, cable trays or fires with imposed heat release rate
- Pyrolysis rate: from mass or from surface
- Ignition model
- External flux model

## ■ Combustible

- Constant combustion reaction (in  $t$ ,  $T$  et  $P$ ); defined in moles or in mass
- $O_2$  limitation (Peatross & Beyler, LOL, No Limit)
- Extinction model (pyrolysis rate,  $T$ , oxidant)
- Scale effect on pyrolysis rate (Babrauskas, Hottel)

## ■ Fire place

- Plume model (air entrainment, radiation)
- Localization
- Flame temperature (imposed,  $f(\text{pyrolysis})$ ,  $f(\text{plume})$ )
- Unburned

# Modelling: thermal exchanges

## ■ Radiation:

- Gray gas model,
- source point model for the fires

## ■ Convection:

- natural and/or forced in branches and nodes

## ■ Conduction in walls: 1D

## ■ Aspersions (water mist)

## ■ Vapor condensation on walls

## ■ Target elements

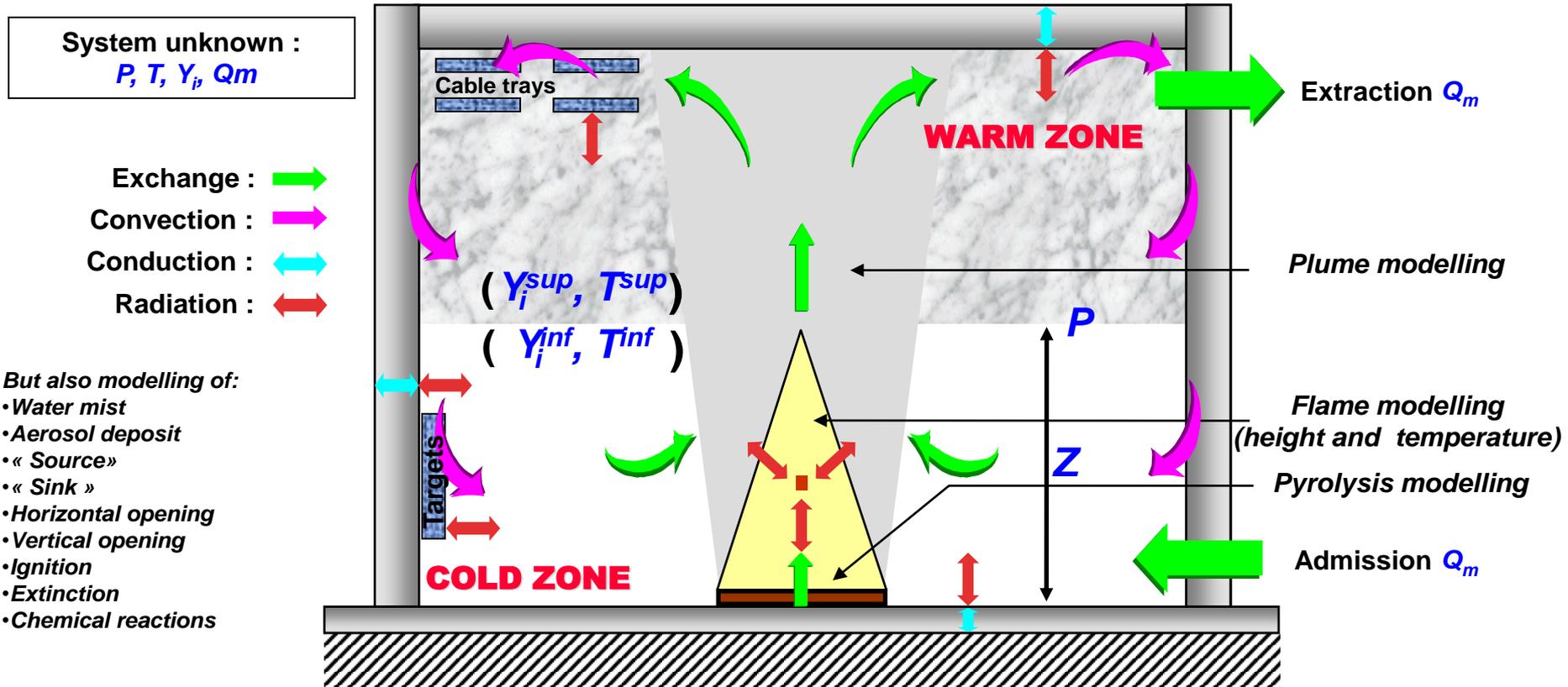
- Sensors-like

## ■ Imposed flux on a wall

# Modelling: sources and sinks

- Mass source in a node
  - Injected flow, injected temperature, injected mixture
- Energy source/sink in a node
  - yield
- Heat sink thermal mass in a node
  - Structure description
- Node, branch, filter deposit
  - Imposed, or,
  - Computed
    - Node: sedimentation + diffusion + thermophoresis
    - Filter: calculating efficiency
    - Pipes: straight or bent
- Chemical reactions (Arrhenius)
- Particules agglomeration

# Modelling



# Numerical aspects

- Model implicit coupling

ventilation, combustion, thermal exchanges, ...

- Time discretisation of BDF type (Backward Difference Formulation) at first order (default)

- UMFPack solver

Last LGPL release

- Alterable time step management

min, max, coefficients, passage time

- Alterable convergence criteria adaptation

Pressure, temperature, mass fraction, mass flow

# Validation

■ Verification : 27 models - 130 tests

■ Validation : 218 cases

- Validation of ventilation models
  - IRSN ventilation mock-up (small scale)
  - Scale 1 facility: CHICADE (CEA)
  - Filter clogging tests [BANCO/10]
  - Deposit models [Liu, Pui, Charuau]
  - Tunnel : Helium injection
  - Thermal exchanges in duct [PRS-LK4]
  - Chemical reactions [H2PAR/1]
  - Mass flow across horizontal opening [VSP/16]
  - Condensation [TOSQAN/2]
- Validation of fire models
  - Small scales tests of gas burner : 6 tests Cooper (NIST)
  - Pool fires in well or under ventilated condition with 1 or more rooms [DIVA/1, LIC/2, FLIP/6, PRISME (1,2)/20, ICFMP/15, Steckler/50, Ulvents/4]
  - Complex fires [PXL/8, CFS/4, BAG-CSS/1, EP/2]
  - Aspersion [CARAIDAS/3, PRISME-Int/1]
  - Second item ignition [PARFFIN/1]
  - Tunnels [FOA/36]

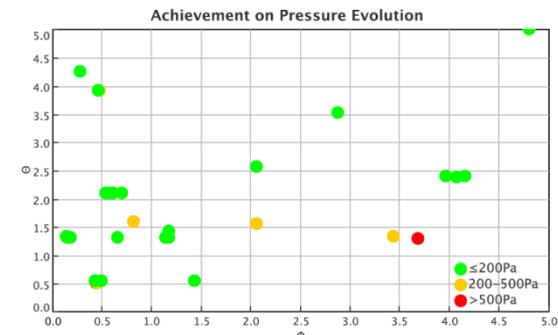
# Validation synthesis

## ■ Observation:

- Access to IRSN tests results is restricted
- Users need to know the trust they can give to the results given by SYLVIA

## ▶ Validation synthesis (fire scenario only) :

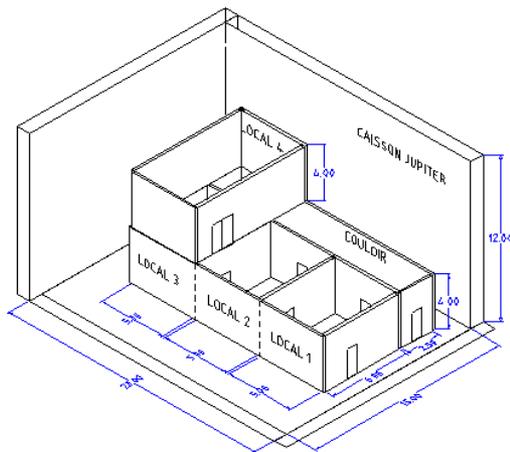
- 1 scenario
- ⇒ 2 parameters (fire power, ability to absorb heat released)
- ⇒ 1 confidence interval for the duration of the fire, the temperature (peak and average) and the pressure (peak and average)



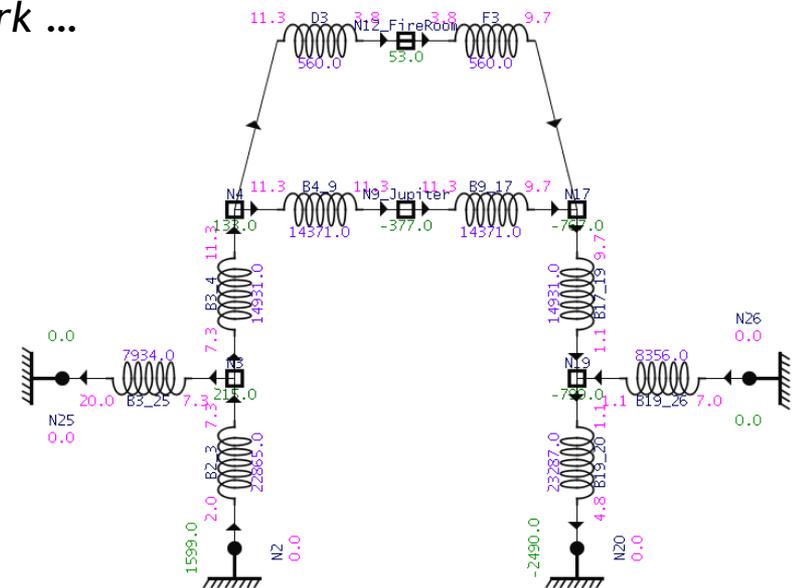
# use

## SYLVIA is:

- Quick,
- Flexible and user-friendly: the entire network can be described using the GUI.

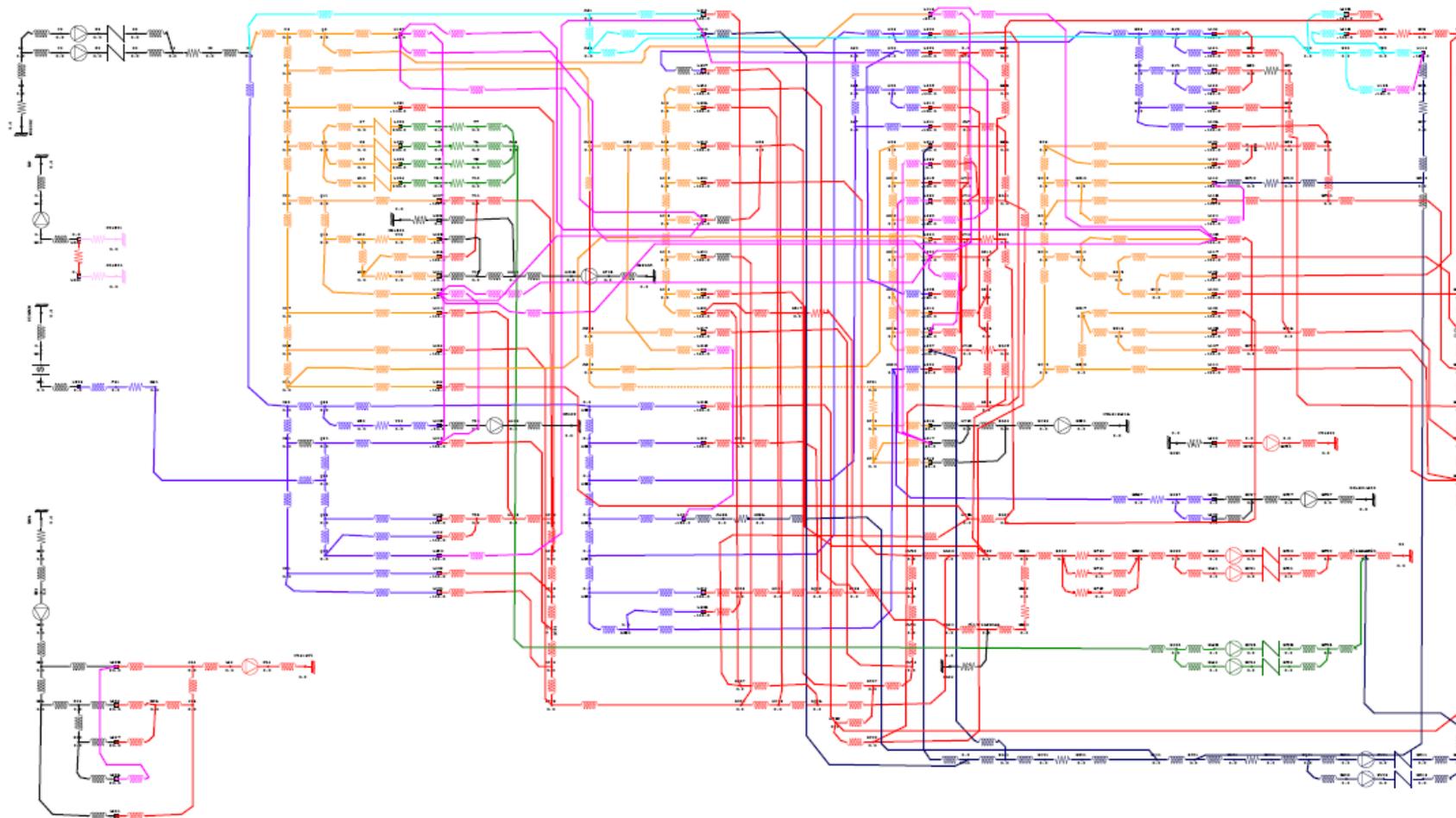


*From a simple network ...*



# Use

*... to a complex network representing a real facility*



# Construction of a data set

The image displays the SYLVIA software interface for constructing a data set. The main window shows a complex hydraulic network diagram with various components like pumps, valves, and pipes. A graph titled "HEAD" is overlaid, showing the relationship between volumetric flow and head. The graph has a y-axis labeled "x10<sup>3</sup>" ranging from 0.4 to 1.4 and an x-axis labeled "volumetric\_flow" ranging from 0.5 to 7.0. A red curve shows the head decreasing as flow increases. A blue arrow points to a specific point on the curve labeled  $\gamma = \gamma_{min}$ . Below the graph, a parameter configuration window for a fan is visible, showing mandatory parameters like type, param\_type, and value.

**HEAD**

volumetric_flow	HEAD (x10 <sup>3</sup> )
0.5	1.4
1.0	1.38
2.0	1.35
3.0	1.25
4.0	1.1
5.0	0.85
6.0	0.6
6.5	0.4

**MANDATORY**

type	fan_tab	String	
param_type	volumetric_flow	String	m <sup>3</sup> /s
param	0.27778 4.5 5.0 5.5 6.0 6.75	DoubleVector	m <sup>3</sup> /s
value	1.0 930.0 775.0 600.0 300.0	DoubleVector	Pa

**Éléments aérauliques**

### Incliner (INCLINOR)

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Un inclineur est un ventilateur qui possède une roue d'ouverture variable perm le traverse. Il sert à réguler une pression en un noeud aval ou amont, ou bien à La définition de la courbe de hauteur manométrique  $H(Q_v)$  est identique à c compte le coefficient d'ouverture  $\gamma$  par la relation :

$$f(Q_m, \gamma) = \frac{\rho^*}{\rho_0} H\left(\frac{Q_m}{\rho \gamma}\right)$$

pour une ouvertur  
paramètre  $\gamma$  est fixe  
minimale.

**MOD**  
volumetric Flow

# Data set editor

## ■ Editing the network

- Zoom, image export, printing, graphic properties, comments, tabs
- Cut/Copy/Paste, Undo/Redo, CSV Import/Export

## ■ Editing information

- Cut/Copy/Paste, Undo/Redo, CSV Import, material data base, devices, ....

## ■ Graphic representations of information

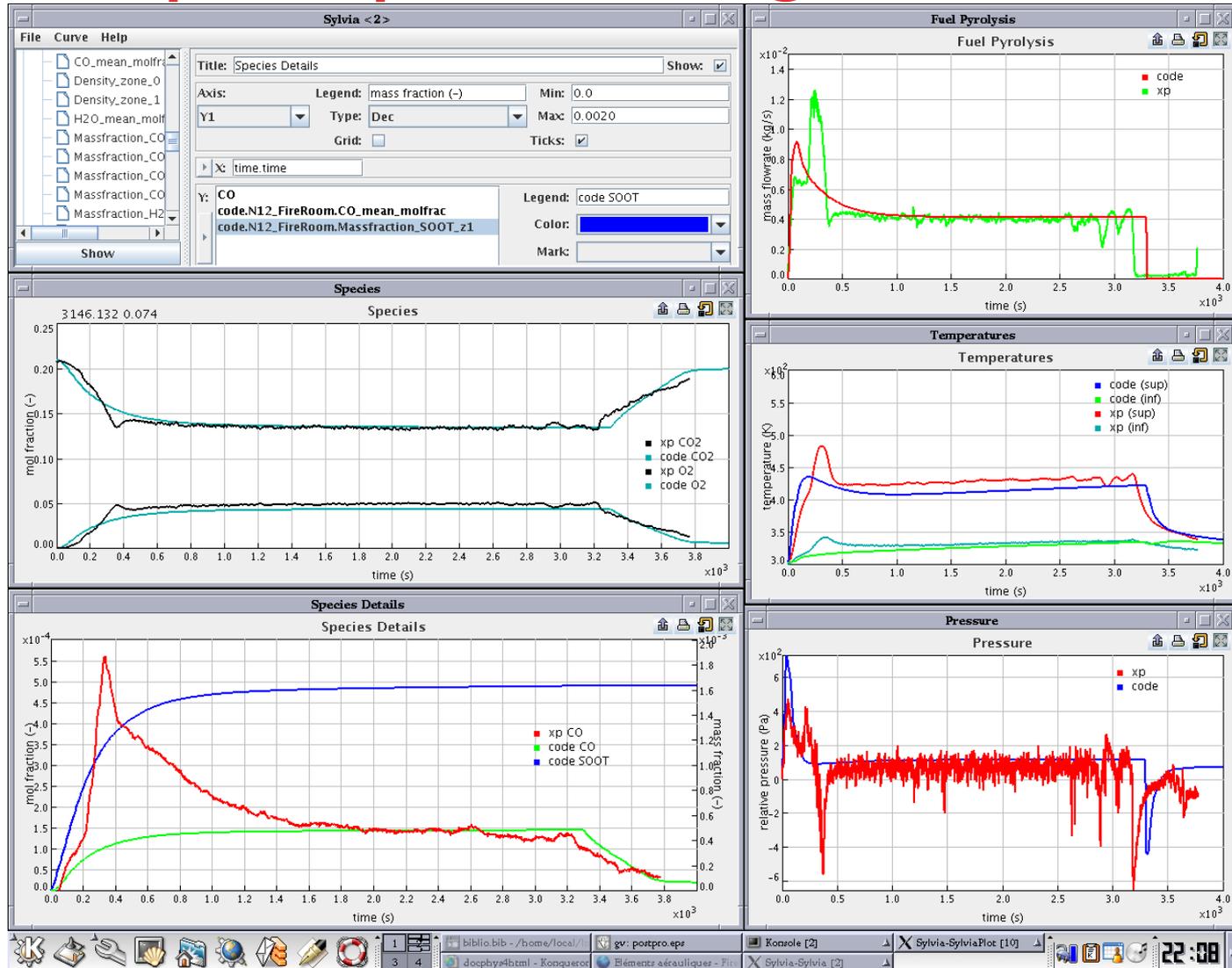
- Behaviour laws,
- Physical properties,
- Rooms and walls topology

## ■ Documentation access

## ■ Data set control and error display

## ■ Run

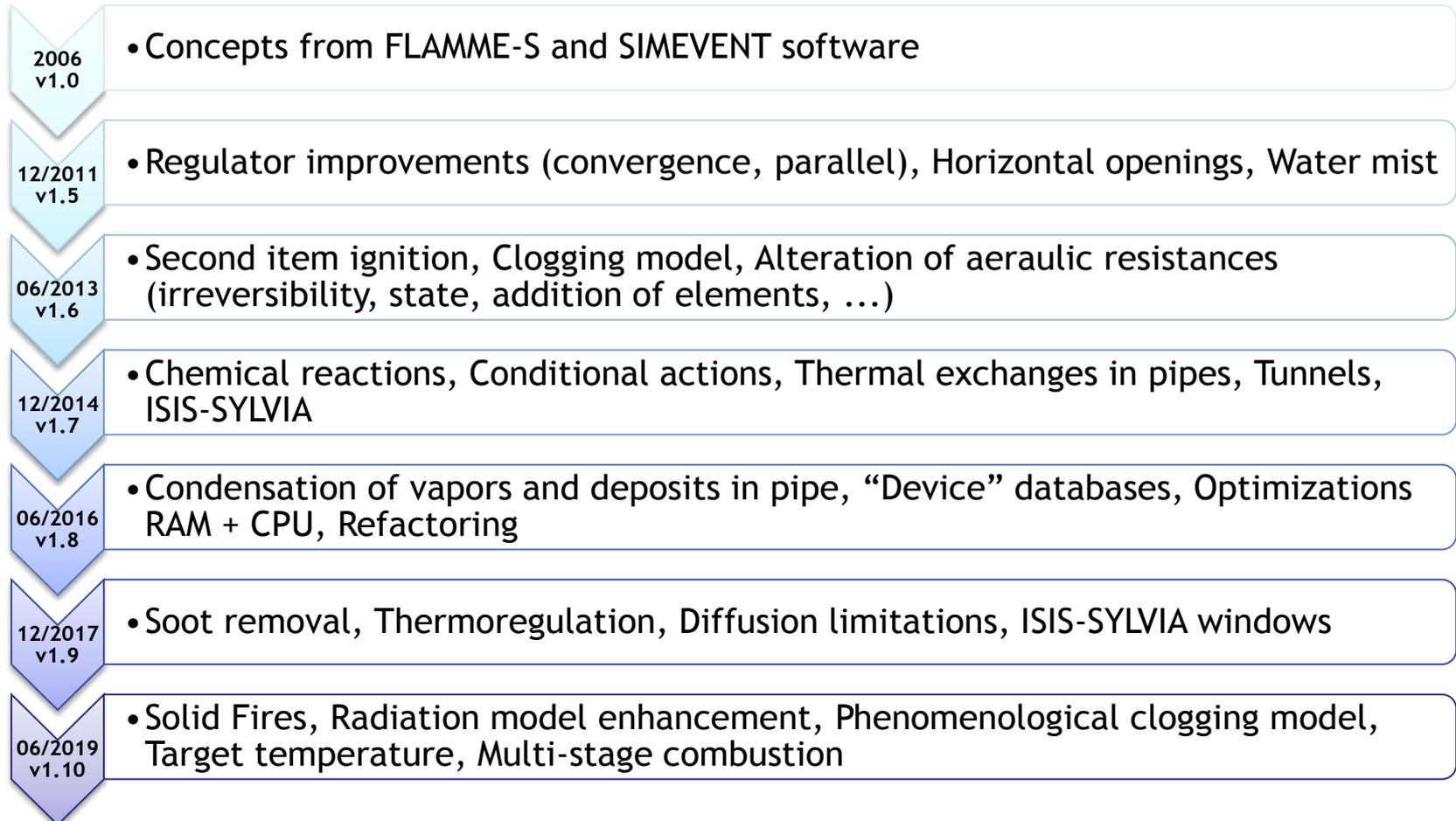
# Results post processing



# Plotting

- Multi file - Multi format (CSV, FITS, intern, ...)
- Curve configuration file
- Batch/interactive : zoom, coordinates, scroll, input file monitoring
- Curves: 1D, histograms, dials, profiles
  - Legends, title, colors, thickness, marks, dashes, 2 Y axes
- Curve comparator and error computation
- Image export:
  - vectorial (eps, pdf, wmf, ...)
  - bitmap (png, gif, bmp, ...)
- Drag'n Drop
- Scripting language: JavaScript

# SYLVIA Roadmap



# Release contents

- SYLVIA code
- GUI: pre and post processing
- Material data base
- Documentation
  - Physical models 
  - GUI user manuals 
  - Getting started 
  - User guide 
  - Validation synthesis 
- Example, non regression and verification data sets

# Distribution / Training / Access

## ■ 2 distribution modes with access to any release during the contract period

- Commercial : node locked or floating license
  - 17 running contracts : CEA(4), AREVA(3), EDF, ITER, ONET, BOUYGUES, SPIE, ARCHYTAS, NUVIA, ... corresponding to 25 licenses (au 01/01/2017)
- Partner; non commercial use:
  - NRA, KINS, BelV, CNSC, ANRA, ECP, Universities, INRS

## ■ Training: 2 days sessions

- Ventilation/S1 and Fire/S2 : initial trainings
- Network Setting/S3 and Macros/S4 : advanced trainings

## ■ A secure single access point <https://gforge.irsn.fr> to:

- Get the latest releases
- Report and monitor anomalies
- Suggest improvements

# SYLVIA is also...

## ■ The program itself:

- 5800 files with 20% of source files (C++) representing 65000 statements managed by GIT
- Daily tests on supported platforms :
  - Windows 7 64 bits
  - Linux 64 bits

## ■ The Graphical User Interface

- 1800 files with 50% of source files (Java) representing 65000 statements managed by CVS

## ■ A development team:

- 2 people in charge of modeling and validation
- 3 people in charge of development and maintenance

# Questions...

■ Thank you for your attention